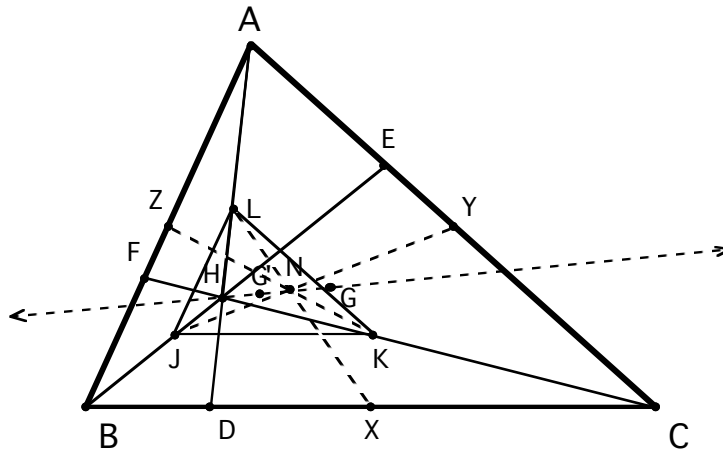


Solution: Concurrency and Euler line locus result

(Refer to the Java sketch at:

<http://math.kennesaw.edu/~mdevilli/concurrency-euler-locus.html>)

Note that triangle DEF (or $D'E'F'$) is homothetic to triangle ABC , and therefore homothetic also to the median triangle KLM ; hence DK , EL and FM are concurrent in the centre of similarity between DEF and KLM . The result is therefore merely a special case of the Euler line generalization below from De Villiers (2005). Since the locus of D is a straight line, it follows from the similarity that the locus of X and X' is also a straight line, which obviously pass through O and G (e.g. when D respectively coincides with O and A). This explains why the locus falls on the Euler line.



Further Euler Line generalization

Given any triangle ABC with midpoints of the sides X , Y and Z and three cevians concurrent in H as shown. With H as centre of similarity and scale factor $\frac{1}{k}$, construct triangle LJK similar to ABC . Let N be the centre of similarity between LJK and the median triangle XYZ . Then H , N and G are collinear, and $HN = \frac{3}{k-1} NG$. A proof and additional background information can be found in my paper at <http://mysite.mweb.co.za/residents/profmd/euler.pdf>

Reference

De Villiers, M. (2005). A generalization of the nine-point circle and Euler line. *Pythagoras*, 62, Dec, 31-35.